

3-D Images (GA Lesson Plan #4)

Suggested Grade Levels: Grades 6-8

Standards:

MS-PS4-B: Electromagnetic Radiation

Scenario Overview / Introduction:

Students work in pairs to create 3D pictures.

Learning Goal:

Describe how polarized 3D glasses alter light waves to make 2-dimensional objects look 3-dimensional.

Essential Question:

How do 3D glasses affect light waves? What are the different types of 3D glasses?

Learning Objectives:

Students will take stereoscopic pictures and be able to explain the science behind the 3D image.

Vocabulary

- Polarization of light: the orientation of a light wave, horizontal or vertical
- Polarizer: material that lets light though in one direction and absorbs the light in the other direction.
- Stereoscopic: creating or enhancing the illusion of depth in an image
- Filter: to absorb some colors and allow others to pass through

Pre-Visit Learning Activities:

- 1. Review how 3D glasses work. https://science.howstuffworks.com/3-d-glasses2.htm
- 2. Have students get into pairs.
- 3. Explain they must take pictures of a still object from about 60 feet away. They will need to take two pictures one will be the first image, the second from 2.5 inches to the right of left. https://www.instructables.com/id/3D-Stereoscopic-Photography/

Post-Visit Learning Activities:

1. Turn pictures from your visit to Universal Studios into stereoscopic pictures.

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